

## INDO-CHINA

at the there was an hysterical fear of *military*  
*coups d'etat*,  
favoured the continuance of a civil government  
in saved De Lanessan in order to  
save the  
civil he and the Chamber were willing to  
tolerate  
De new lest his recall make him more  
dangerous  
as. of the Colonies.  
the Cho-Bo coincided with De Lanessan's arrival,  
it  
was that he begin his reforms by restoring  
their shorn  
to the The civil government was replaced along  
the  
by Circles which have survived to this day.  
This  
the pride of the military, who had too long been sulking  
in The civil guard was reorganized and relegated  
to policing  
the still the authority of the Residents. The  
business of  
Upper TonMa once more in the hands of the  
regular  
it to be seen if they would be more equal to the  
the whom they had so ridiculed.  
Ete in having at hand two remarkable  
officers,  
UK! Lyaiitey. Gal&bu's original policy consisted of  
arming  
so could defend themselves against the bandits.  
H& a of the frontier, drew the  
country  
by a of inaugurated an administrative  
a\* fir a\$ policy of pacification would  
was restored by the protection  
to return to regions long  
and aid also speeded up the work of  
was so by the success of these  
for the the 'Country prematurely was  
stffl 'existed: they had only been  
of  
by tfee  
A in vm» apparent.  
They seemed  
it be up the the imesoming of  
European  
the of for the minimum of  
«tf to die Metropolitan in-  
'with these coining to terms

	t»		against them. For
	tbft		were euphoniously
	Qw?		LnQ»g-Taii*-Ky, received
» 1890 »		of <sub>3 000</sub>	<sub>m</sub> <i>d</i> <sub>m</sub> tex-free
estate in			
fae	Ite M		autocrat 'This pleasant